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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/346,110	06/30/1999	EUGENE T. WANG	81862.P132	2024
7590 03/29/2005			EXAMINER	
LESTER J VINCENT			LY, ANH VU H	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD 7TH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90025			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2667	-
			DATE MAILED: 03/29/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/346,110	WANG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	_			
	Anh-Vu H Ly	2667				
The MAILING DATE of this communicated Period for Reply	ation appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun.  - If the period for reply specified above, the maximum statures to reply within the set or extended period for reply will any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a nication. days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirtory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI II, by statute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>18 January 2005</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b	)  This action is non-final.					
·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-31 and 33-50</u> is/are pendi 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>12-31 and 33-50</u> is/are reject 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
<ul> <li>9) The specification is objected to by the 10)</li> <li>The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11)</li> <li>The oath or declaration is objected to be shown as a specific property of the second secon</li></ul>	a) accepted or b) objected to on to the drawing(s) be held in abeya he correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•	•				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim fo a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do	ocuments have been received. ocuments have been received in A the priority documents have beer al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No  received in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)				
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC3)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO-1449 or PTO-1449</li></ol>		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 18, 2005 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

2. Claims 12-15, 21, 27-30, 33-37, 39-46, and 48-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Noh (US Patent No. 6,134,238).

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With respect to claims 12-14, 33-37, and 45-46, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating both ATM and STM traffic includes STM fabric 30, ATM fabric 85, and a plurality of input/output STM and ATMs. Herein, STM fabric is fabricated in a back plane as considered by the examiner, which is separated from another back plane of ATM fabric. Further, it should be understood that switch card interfaces are needed to hold the STM 30 and ATM 85 and adapter card interfaces needed to hold the STM and ATM adapter cards connecting to the physical lines (the back plane having a plurality of switch card interfaces and a plurality of adapter card interfaces). As shown in Fig. 5A, one of the switch card interfaces must couple the STM 30 to the back plane and another one of the switch card interfaces must couple the ATM 85 to another back plane. Herein, each switch card interface has inputs and outputs (each of said switch card interfaces having an arrangement of inputs and outputs to functionally mates to an ATM switch card and to functionally mates to a SONET switch card). Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for switching data therefore adapter card interfaces connecting to adapter cards must connect to the switch card interfaces for relaying the input data to the switch cards. Even though, the connections are not shown in Fig. 5A, but it is there to relay traffic (each of said adapter card interfaces coupled to each of said switch card interfaces). Further, connections are there to receive the input data from each of the adapter card interfaces and forward to both the STM fabric and ATM fabric (each of said adapter card interfaces having an arrangement of inputs and outputs to functionally mates to an ATM adapter card and to functionally mates to a SONEAT adapter card).

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With respect to claim 15, Noh discloses in Fig. 5B, an adapter card includes STM circuit and ATM circuit (a hybrid SONET/ATM adapter card mated with one of said adapter card interfaces, each of said adapter card interfaces having an arrangement of inputs and outputs to functionally mate to said hybrid SONET/ATM adapter card).

With respect to claims 21 and 27-30, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating both ATM and STM traffic includes STM fabric 30, ATM fabric 85 (forming a first and second back plane according to a manufacturing process), and a plurality of input/output STM and ATMs. Herein, as shown in Fig. 5A, the fabric 85 comprises only the ATM switching module (integrating first back plane into an ATM system that does not comprise any SONET switch cards, wherein SONET switch cards capable of only switching SONET traffic, said first back plane to receive one or more ATM switch cards for use in said ATM system) and fabric 30 comprises only the STM switching module (integrating second back plane into a SONET system that does not comprise any ATM switch cards, said ATM switch cards capable of only switching ATM traffic, said second back plane to receive one or more SONET switch cards for use in said SONET system).

With respect to claims 39-40 and 48-49 Noh discloses in Fig. 5B, a hybrid ATM/SONET system (third of said networking system being a hybrid ATM/SONET system). Other limitations recited in the claim have been addressed in the rejection of independent claim 33.

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With respect to claims 41-44 and 50, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, STM and ATM input/output ports, STM, and ATM fabrics coupled to the STM & ATM management 45 (backplane comprises a processor card interface, said processor card interface coupled to switch card interfaces and adapter card interfaces).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 16-20, 38, and 47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Noh (US Patent No. 6,134,238).

With respect to claim 16, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating both ATM and STM traffic includes STM fabric 30, ATM fabric 85, and a plurality of input/output STM and ATMs (a first ATM switch card mated with one of the switch card interfaces and an ATM adapter card mated with one of the adapter card interfaces). Noh does not disclose that a redundant ATM switch card mated with another one of the switch card interfaces. However, it is well known in the art that in data communications systems, redundant switching card has been widely used in almost every switching system to protect data when a failure occurs. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of having a redundant ATM switch card in a switching system in Noh's system, to protect data when a failure occurs.

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With respect to claim 17, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for switching data therefore adapter card interfaces connecting to adapter cards must connect to the switch card interfaces for relaying the input data to the switch cards. Even though, the connections are not shown in Fig. 5A, but it is there to relay traffic. Noh does not disclose that minor links comprising a real data minor link and a redundant minor link. However, it is well known in the art that in data communications systems, real data links and redundant data links have been widely used in almost every switching system to protect and route data when a failure occurs. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of having a redundant minor link in Noh's system, to protect and route data when a failure occurs.

With respect to claim 18, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating both ATM and STM traffic includes STM fabric 30, ATM fabric 85, and a plurality of input/output STM and ATMs (a first SONET switch card mated with one of the switch card interfaces and a SONET adapter card mated with one of the adapter card interfaces). Noh does not disclose that a redundant SONET switch card mated with another one of the switch card interfaces. However, it is well known in the art that in data communications systems, redundant switching card has been widely used in almost every switching system to protect data when a failure occurs. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of having a redundant SONET switch card in a switching system in Noh's system, to protect data when a failure occurs.

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With respect to claims 19, 38, and 47, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for switching data therefore adapter card interfaces connecting to adapter cards must connect to the switch card interfaces for relaying the input data to the switch cards. Even though, the connections are not shown in Fig. 5A, but it is there to relay traffic. Noh does not disclose a redundant major link between SONET adapter and the redundant SONET switch card. However, it is well known in the art that in data communications systems, redundant switching card and redundant data bus has been widely used in almost every switching system to protect and route data when a failure occurs. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of having a redundant major link between SONET adapter card and the redundant SONET switch card in Noh's system, to protect and route data when a failure occurs.

With respect to claim 20, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system comprising three adapter card interfaces and two switch card interfaces. Noh does not disclose four switch card interfaces and twelve adapter card interfaces. However, it is known in the art that in high-speed switching systems, a plurality of input/output ports and switching fabrics are included to accommodate higher traffic. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of having twelve adapter card interfaces and four switch card interfaces in Noh's system, to deliver more data in a shorter period of time.

4. Claims 22-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Noh (US Patent No. 6,134,238) in view of Tabu et al (US Patent No. 6,560,219). Hereinafter, referred to as Noh and Tabu.

With respect to claims 22-25, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating ATM and STM traffic. Noh does not disclose wherein manufacturing process comprises forming minor link conducting traces associated with a major link; wherein, minor link conducting traces forming a pair of differential transmit conducting traces; wherein, minor link conducting traces further comprises forming a pair of differential receive conducting traces; and wherein, manufacturing process further comprises forming system bus conducting traces. Tabu discloses in Fig. 17 that conducting traces both major and minor stemming from the major bus structures of ATM and STM. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the features stated above in Noh's system, as suggested by Tuba, to deliver data between input/output interfaces and switching interfaces.

With respect to claim 26, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating ATM and STM traffic. Noh does not disclose wherein manufacturing process further comprises forming clock traces. Tabu discloses in Fig. 14, clock traces are formed on the back plane. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include clock traces in Noh's system, as suggested by Tuba, to synchronize forwarding elements of the switching system.

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5. Claim 31 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Noh (US Patent No. 6,134,238) in view of the admitted prior art disclosed in the specification in pages 1-9.

With respect to claim 31, Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating ATM and STM traffic. Noh does not disclose wherein the manufacturing process further comprises a lithographic process that employs a mask set. The admitted prior art discloses in page 5, lines 13-15 and Fig. 1a, that the conductive layers are typically formed into individual traces by a lithographic patterning process that employs masks. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include lithographic process that employs a mask set in Noh's system, as suggested by the admitted prior art, to form the conductive layers, since such process is well known in the art.

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed January 18, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues on page 14 that the Office Action has not provided any supporting citation to Noh to support its assertion that Noh discloses adapter card interfaces having an arrangement of input and outputs to functionally mate to an ATM adapter card and to functionally mate to a SONET adapter card. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for switching data therefore adapter card interfaces connecting to adapter cards must connect to the switch card interfaces for relaying the input data to the switch cards. Even though, the connections are not shown in Fig. 5A, but it is there to relay traffic. Further, connections are there to receive the input data from each of the adapter card interfaces and forward to both the STM fabric and ATM fabric (each of said adapter card

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interfaces having an arrangement of inputs and outputs to functionally mates to an ATM adapter card and to functionally mates to a SONEAT adapter card).

Applicant further argues on page 14 that Noh does not describe or suggest the use of adapter cards or the ability of the scheme to functionally mate one arrangement of input/outputs to two different cards. Examiner respectfully disagrees. As illustrated in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system including for accommodating both ATM and STM traffic includes STM fabric 30, ATM fabric 85, and a plurality of input/output STM and ATMs. Therefore, the adapter cards must have a function to mate input/outputs to ATM and STM fabrics.

Applicant argues on page 14 that nothing in Noh discloses that STM fabric 30 can be coupled to an ATM channel or that ATM fabric 85 can be coupled to an STM channel.

Examiner respectfully agrees. However, independent claim 12 does not recite the stated limitation.

Applicant further argues on page 14 that Noh does not disclose integrating a first backplane into an ATM system that does not comprise any SONET switch cards and integrating second backplane into a SONET system that does not comprise any ATM switch cards. Examiner respectfully disagrees. Noh discloses in Fig. 5A, a hybrid switching system for accommodating both ATM and STM traffic includes STM fabric 30, ATM fabric 85, and a plurality of input/output STM and ATMs. Herein, STM fabric is fabricated in a back plane as considered by the examiner, which is separated from another back plane of ATM fabric.

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#### Conclusion

7. This is a continuation of applicant's earlier Application No. 09/346110. All claims are drawn to the same invention claimed in the earlier application and could have been finally rejected on the grounds and art of record in the next Office action if they had been entered in the earlier application. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL even though it is a first action in this case. See MPEP § 706.07(b). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no, however, event will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anh-Vu H Ly whose telephone number is 571-272-3175. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chi Pham can be reached on 571-272-3179. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

avl

CHI PHAM

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINE

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800 3/11/05